

AMENDMENT TO THE SPECIFICATION

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 2, lines 6-9, with the following rewritten paragraph:

-- In [[vie]] view of the above, the inventor has positively researched and produced according to the method of the present invention a super-thin advertising and decorative zipper tab, which, having a good tensile strength, can be used for a long time without being worn out easily. --

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 4, line 3 to page 5, line 4, with the following rewritten paragraphs:

-- The upper mold 20 is preferably provided in the center a eave concavity 22 of shallow depression (as shown in Fig. 6), which has a flat rim 25 therearound; whereas the lower mold 21 is provided in the center a eave concavity 23 of deep depression, on the bottom of which is provided a sprue 24.

After producing the first mold A, the extending end 30a of a soft string 30 is disposed in the first mold A, such that when closing the upper and lower molds and injecting plastic with high pressure into the sprue 24 which is provided at a position under the soft string 30, the plastic injected via high pressure would strike against the soft string 30 (p.s. the soft string actually may be a thin cloth strip or a fine cord, which has [[be]] been enlarged in the drawings) and squeezed to the central eave concavity 22 of the upper mold 20 to melt integrally with the soft string 30 to form a molding blank 31 (as shown in Figs. 2 and 4).

Referring to Fig. 3, the first molding blank 31 conjuncted with the soft string 30 is disposed in the second mold B, which is composed of [[a]] an upper mold 40 and a lower mold 41.

The upper mold 40 has a eave concavity 42, on the bottom of which is provided

with a sprue 43. The center of the lower mold 41 is provided with a eave concavity 44 of the same shape as the molding blank 31, such that the molding blank 31 can be received therein. When closing the second mold B, the plastic material can be injected through the sprue 43 on the bottom of the eave concavity 42 and cover the soft string 30 exposed on the molding blank 31. After hot ~~melting~~ melting the molding blank with the plastic material, the soft string is totally wrapped inside to form a super-thin advertising and decorative tab 50. —

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 5, line 19 to page 6, line 20, with the following rewritten paragraphs:

-- After the first plastic rejection to conjunct the soft string with the molding blank 31, a further plastic injection in the second mold B can make the integral molding blank 31 wrapped inside only if the eave concavity 44 of the lower mold 41 is relatively bigger such that when the molding blank 31 is disposed in the eave concavity 44, the injected plastic can wrap the periphery of the molding blank 31. (* The coverage of the plastic coating depends on the shape and size of the eave concavity 44.) Meanwhile, color difference can be occurred at the time said plastic coating.

Fig. 6 shows the upper mold 20 of the first mold A, appearing a hollow case 22 provided on the center thereof. There are flat rims 25 around the eave concavity 22 such that when closing the upper mold 20 with the lower mold 21, the sprue 24 would be at a position below, rather than higher than, the mold break. Accordingly, one end 30a of soft and thin string would be flushed to the center of the eave concavity 22 by the pressure of the injected plastic material, and combined with the plastic.

Referring to Fig. 7 showing the first mold C of another embodiment according

to the invention. As shown, in the first mold C, the sprue 26 of the lower mold 21 is provided at a position very close to but under the mold break 27. Therefore, the sprue 26 should be in a form of a semicircle such that when injecting plastic material into the molds, the pressure of the plastic flushing upwardly from the bottom of the lower mold 21 would push the floating end 30a of the soft string to the ~~eave~~ concavity 22 of the upper mold 22, and complete a molding blank 31. --